

# Yearly Market Detail - 2024

## Townhouses and Condos

### Florida



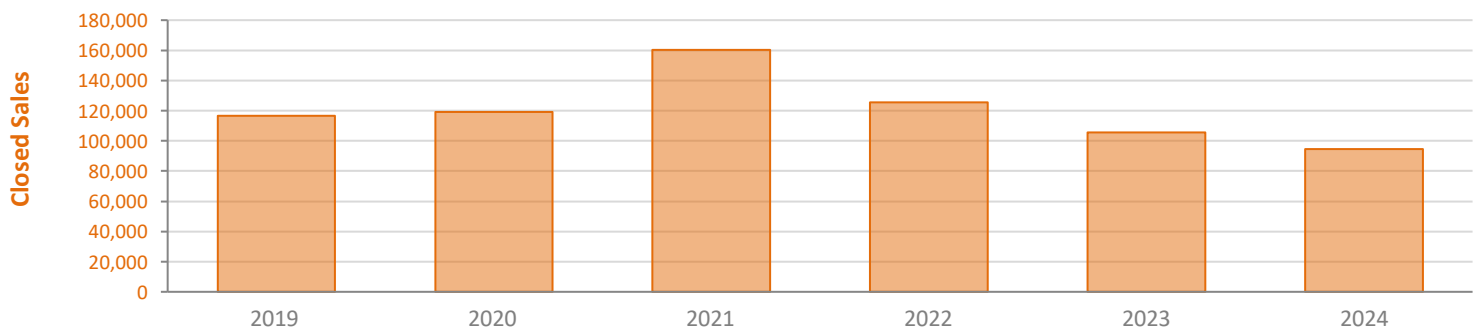
Summary Statistics	2024	2023	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	94,380	105,411	-10.5%
Paid in Cash	47,807	55,683	-14.1%
Median Sale Price	\$320,000	\$322,500	-0.8%
Average Sale Price	\$469,933	\$462,890	1.5%
Dollar Volume	\$44.4 Billion	\$48.8 Billion	-9.1%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	94.5%	96.2%	-1.8%
Median Time to Contract	54 Days	32 Days	68.8%
Median Time to Sale	96 Days	73 Days	31.5%
New Pending Sales	99,803	113,087	-11.7%
New Listings	171,518	154,054	11.3%
Pending Inventory	7,802	10,275	-24.1%
Inventory (Active Listings)	64,283	45,002	42.8%
Months Supply of Inventory	8.2	5.1	60.8%

## Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

Year	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
<b>2024</b>	<b>94,380</b>	<b>-10.5%</b>
2023	105,411	-16.0%
2022	125,494	-21.7%
2021	160,177	34.2%
2020	119,336	2.5%
2019	116,454	-0.2%

**Economists' note** : Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

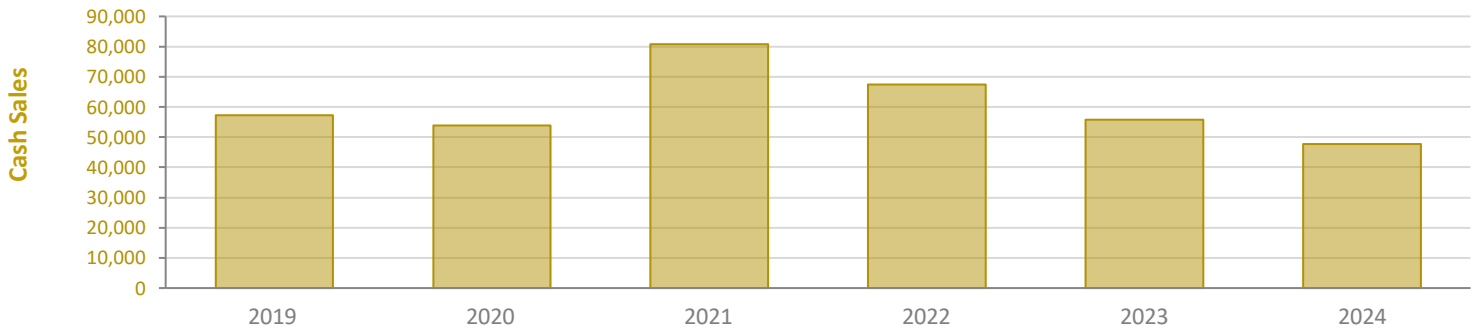


## Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the year in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

**Economists' note :** Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Year	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
<b>2024</b>	<b>47,807</b>	<b>-14.1%</b>
2023	55,683	-17.5%
2022	67,495	-16.5%
2021	80,822	50.2%
2020	53,806	-6.1%
2019	57,275	-6.0%

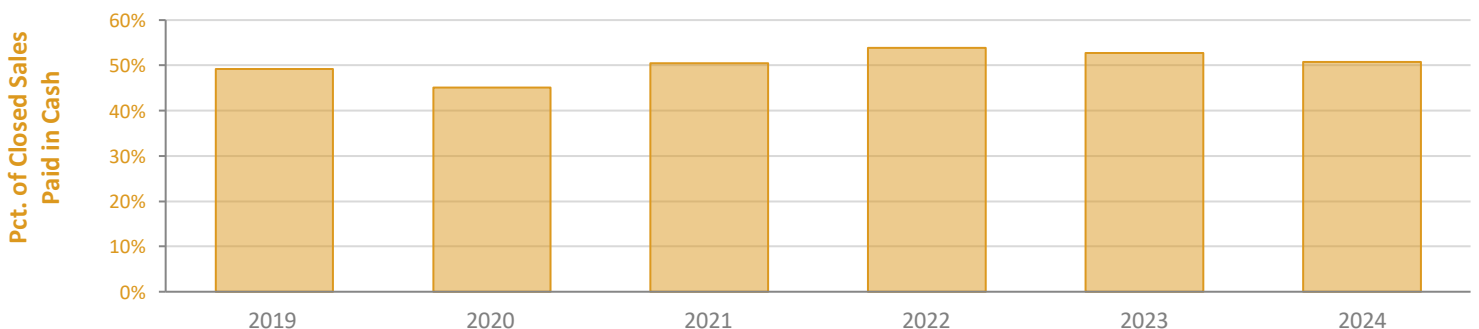


## Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the year which were Cash Sales

**Economists' note :** This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each year involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Year	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
<b>2024</b>	<b>50.7%</b>	<b>-4.0%</b>
2023	52.8%	-1.9%
2022	53.8%	6.5%
2021	50.5%	12.0%
2020	45.1%	-8.3%
2019	49.2%	-5.9%

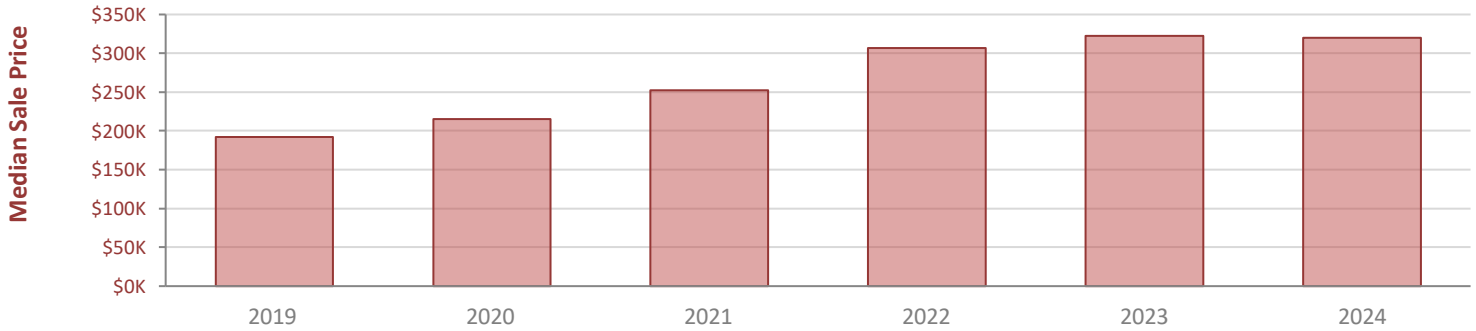


## Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the year (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

**Economists' note** : Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each year, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Year	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
<b>2024</b>	<b>\$320,000</b>	<b>-0.8%</b>
2023	\$322,500	5.2%
2022	\$306,500	21.6%
2021	\$252,000	17.2%
2020	\$215,000	12.0%
2019	\$192,000	3.8%

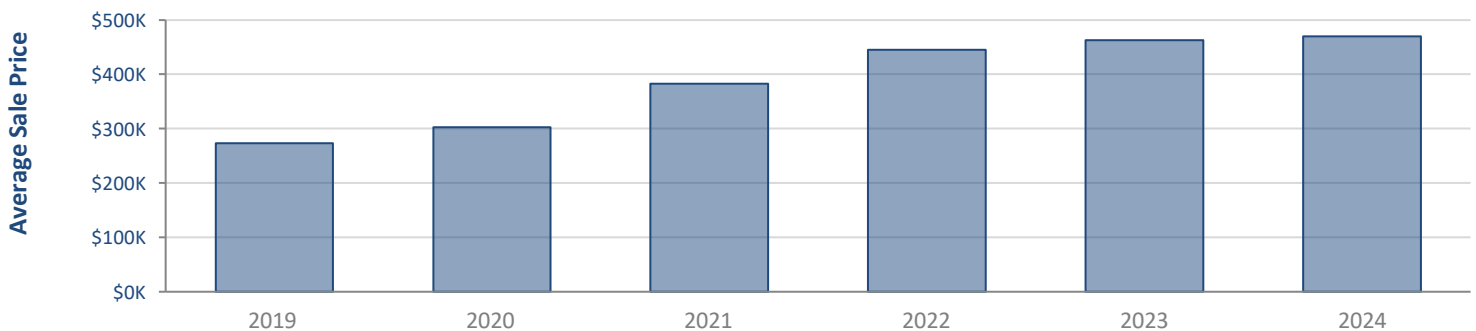


## Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the year (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

**Economists' note** : Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Year	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
<b>2024</b>	<b>\$469,933</b>	<b>1.5%</b>
2023	\$462,890	3.9%
2022	\$445,305	16.3%
2021	\$382,963	26.4%
2020	\$303,051	10.9%
2019	\$273,208	2.5%



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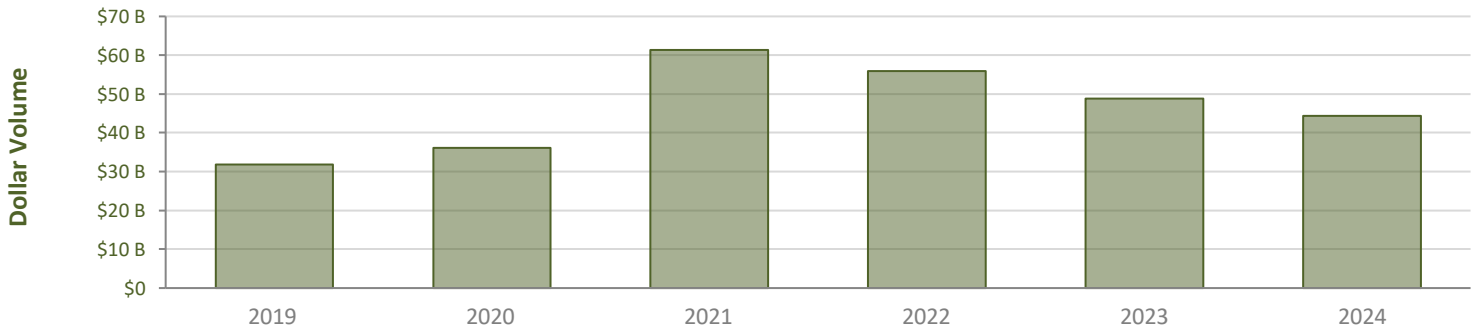


## Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the year

**Economists' note** : Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Year	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2024	\$44.4 Billion	-9.1%
2023	\$48.8 Billion	-12.7%
2022	\$55.9 Billion	-8.9%
2021	\$61.3 Billion	69.6%
2020	\$36.2 Billion	13.7%
2019	\$31.8 Billion	2.4%

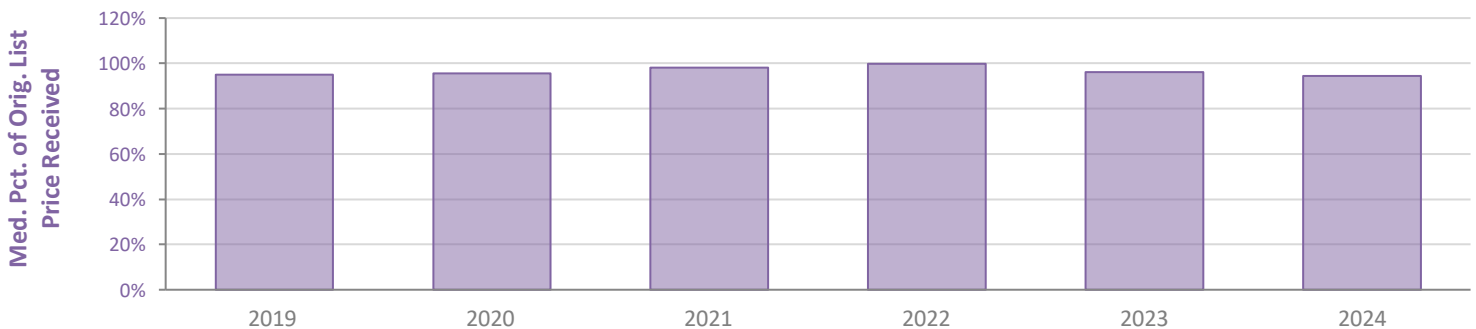


## Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the year

**Economists' note** : The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Year	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2024	94.5%	-1.8%
2023	96.2%	-3.7%
2022	99.9%	1.8%
2021	98.1%	2.5%
2020	95.7%	0.7%
2019	95.0%	-0.2%

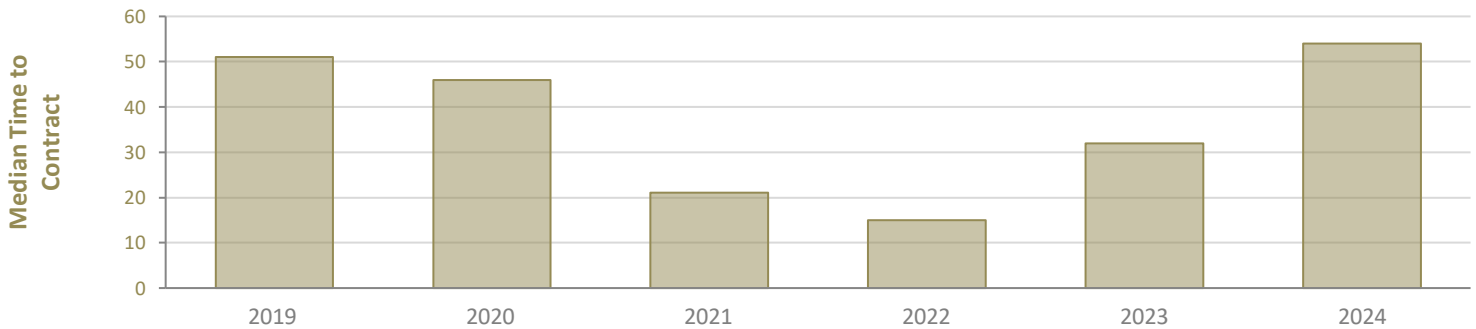


## Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

**Economists' note** : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Year	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2024	54 Days	68.8%
2023	32 Days	113.3%
2022	15 Days	-28.6%
2021	21 Days	-54.3%
2020	46 Days	-9.8%
2019	51 Days	10.9%

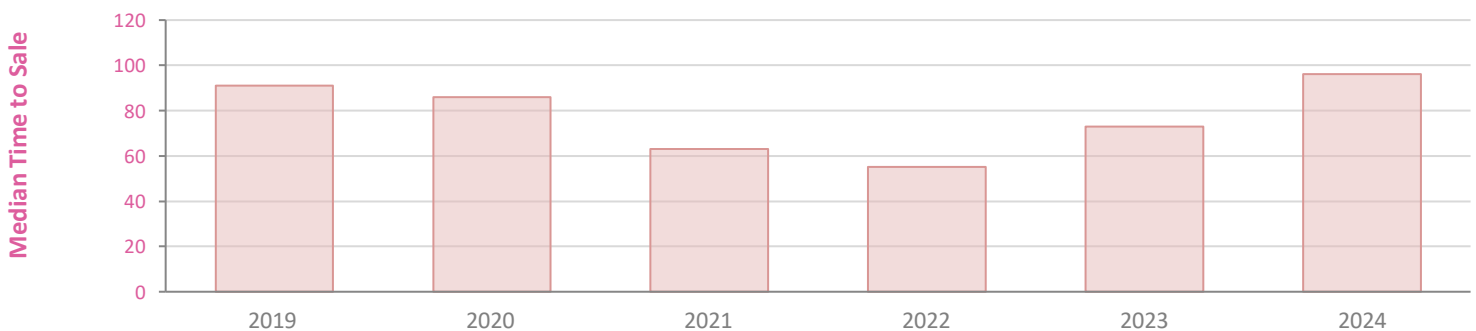


## Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the year

**Economists' note** : Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Year	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2024	96 Days	31.5%
2023	73 Days	32.7%
2022	55 Days	-12.7%
2021	63 Days	-26.7%
2020	86 Days	-5.5%
2019	91 Days	7.1%

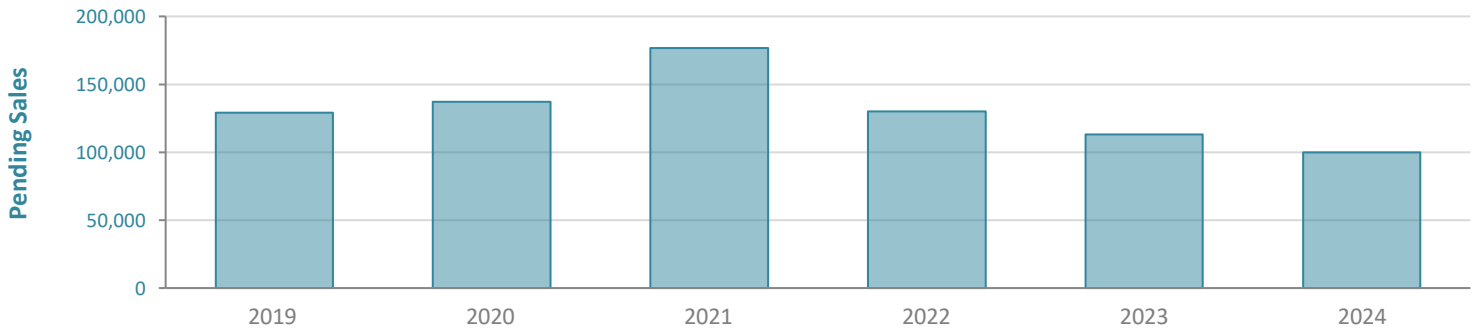


## New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the year

**Economists' note :** Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Year	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
<b>2024</b>	<b>99,803</b>	<b>-11.7%</b>
2023	113,087	-13.2%
2022	130,248	-26.4%
2021	176,932	29.2%
2020	136,946	6.2%
2019	128,899	0.9%

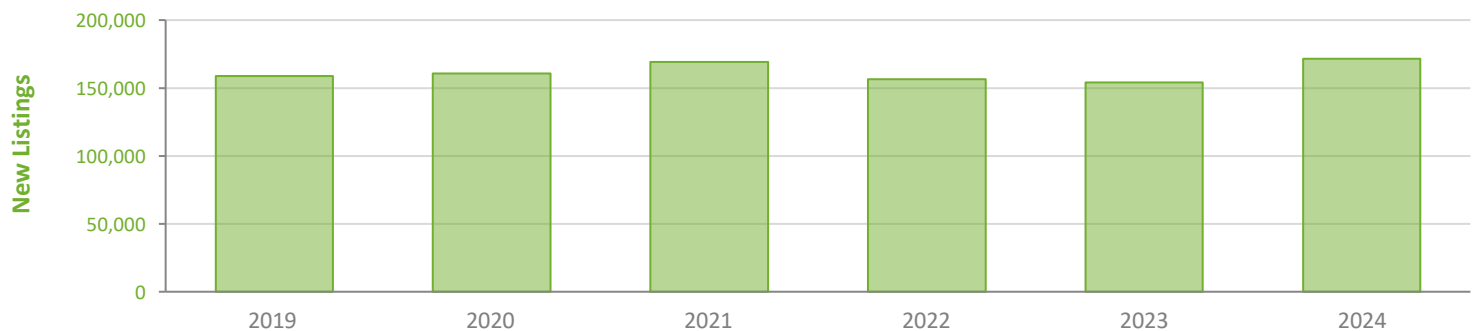


## New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

**Economists' note :** New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Year	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
<b>2024</b>	<b>171,518</b>	<b>11.3%</b>
2023	154,054	-1.5%
2022	156,443	-7.6%
2021	169,296	5.5%
2020	160,541	1.1%
2019	158,763	-3.9%

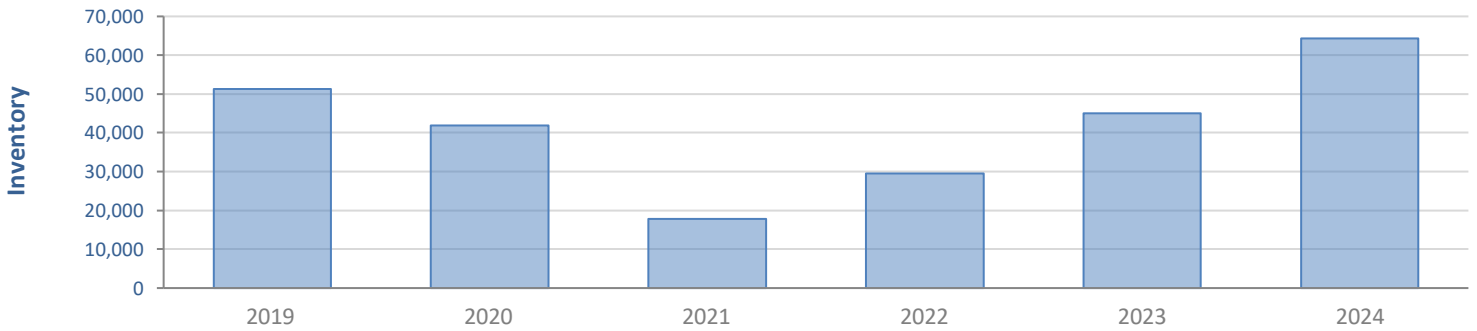


## Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the year

**Economists' note :** There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Year	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
<b>2024</b>	<b>64,283</b>	<b>42.8%</b>
2023	45,002	52.6%
2022	29,484	65.0%
2021	17,869	-57.4%
2020	41,927	-18.3%
2019	51,336	-8.2%

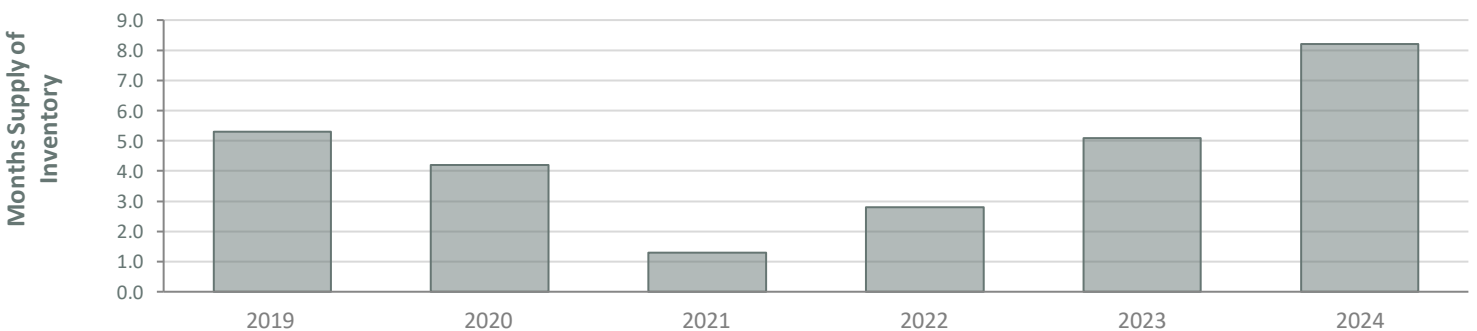


## Months Supply of Inventory (Year-End)

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

**Economists' note :** MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Year	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
<b>2024</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>60.8%</b>
2023	5.1	82.1%
2022	2.8	115.4%
2021	1.3	-69.0%
2020	4.2	-20.8%
2019	5.3	-8.6%

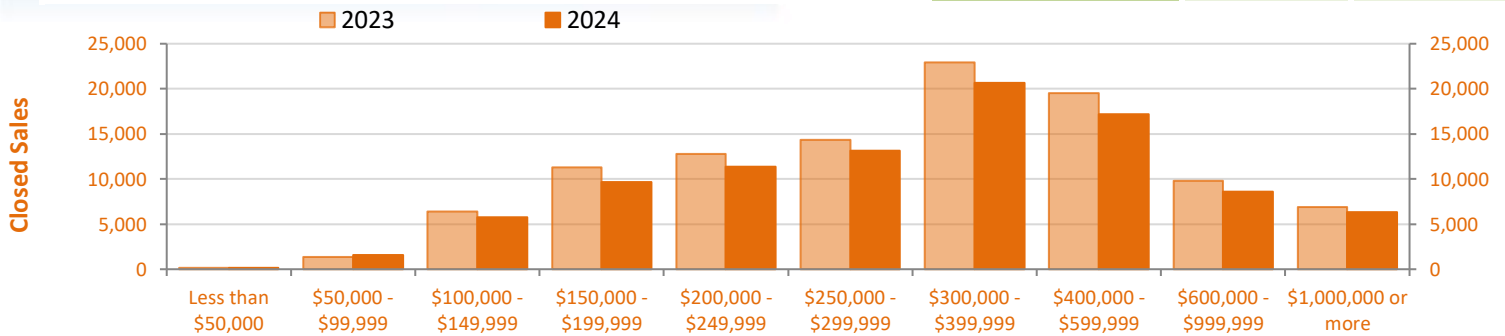


## Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

**Economists' note:** Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	168	-8.7%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1,550	13.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	5,792	-9.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	9,632	-14.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	11,368	-11.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	13,115	-8.6%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	20,651	-9.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	17,184	-11.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	8,608	-12.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	6,312	-8.1%

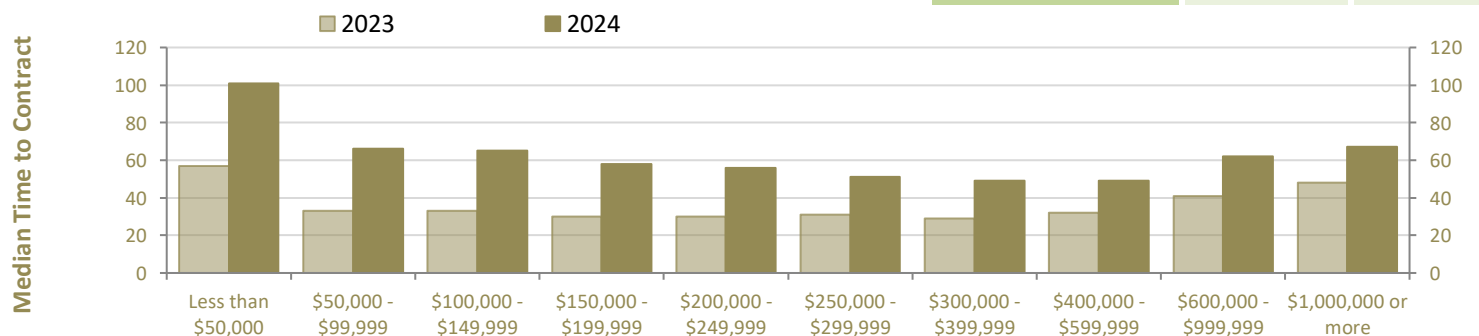


## Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

**Economists' note:** Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	101 Days	77.2%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	66 Days	100.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	65 Days	97.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	58 Days	93.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	56 Days	86.7%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	51 Days	64.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	49 Days	69.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	49 Days	53.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	62 Days	51.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	67 Days	39.6%





## New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

**Economists' note:** New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	354	23.3%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1,738	33.6%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	8,865	18.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	16,913	10.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	19,063	13.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	22,373	12.8%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	35,880	10.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	33,500	10.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	18,588	8.7%
\$1,000,000 or more	14,244	8.2%

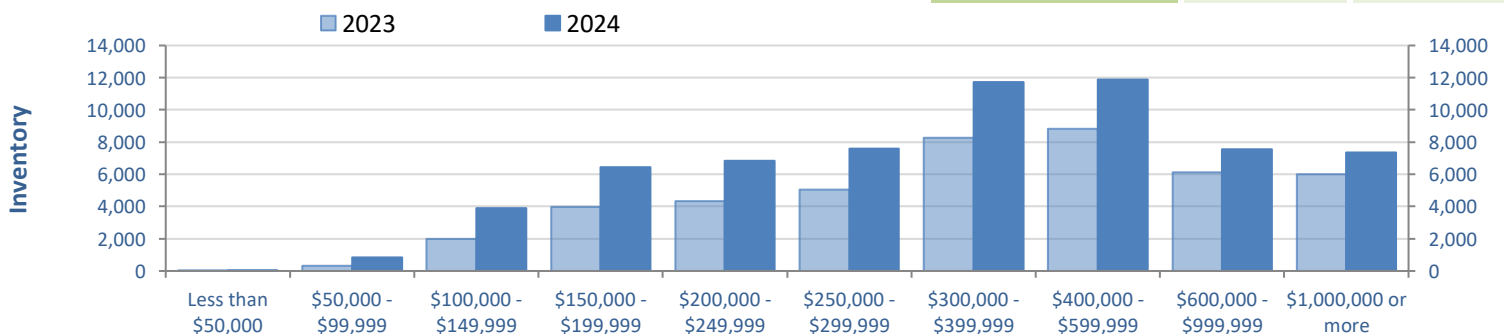


## Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the year

**Economists' note:** There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	46	70.4%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	851	154.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	3,915	96.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	6,454	61.8%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	6,838	57.9%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	7,601	50.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	11,741	42.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	11,902	34.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	7,567	23.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	7,368	22.6%



# Yearly Distressed Market - 2024 Townhouses and Condos Florida



		2024	2023	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	93,832	104,831	-10.5%
	Median Sale Price	\$321,990	\$324,000	-0.6%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	482	518	-6.9%
	Median Sale Price	\$226,100	\$220,000	2.8%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	66	62	6.5%
	Median Sale Price	\$290,158	\$250,000	16.1%

