Quarterly Market Detail - Q1 2024 Townhouses and Condos Martin County

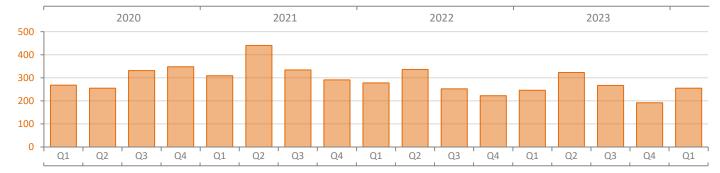




**Closed Sales** 

Summary Statistics	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	255	246	3.7%
Paid in Cash	157	146	7.5%
Median Sale Price	\$292,500	\$289,500	1.0%
Average Sale Price	\$356,166	\$338,805	5.1%
Dollar Volume	\$90.8 Million	\$83.3 Million	9.0%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.4%	94.4%	1.1%
Median Time to Contract	42 Days	38 Days	10.5%
Median Time to Sale	89 Days	72 Days	23.6%
New Pending Sales	323	363	-11.0%
New Listings	479	432	10.9%
Pending Inventory	168	195	-13.8%
Inventory (Active Listings)	520	289	79.9%
Months Supply of Inventory	6.0	3.3	81.8%

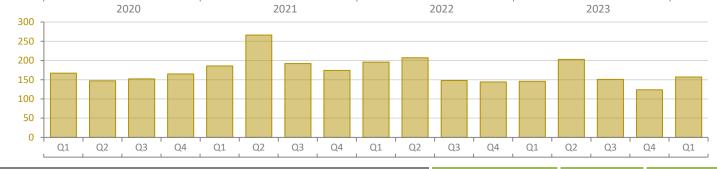
Closed Sales	Quarter	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	255	3.7%
The number of sales transactions which closed during	Q1 2024	255	3.7%
the quarter	Q4 2023	192	-13.5%
	Q3 2023	267	6.0%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most	Q2 2023	323	-3.9%
important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When	Q1 2023	246	-11.5%
comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we	Q4 2022	222	-23.7%
recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the	Q3 2022	252	-24.6%
number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are	Q2 2022	336	-23.6%
	Q1 2022	278	-10.0%
affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately	Q4 2021	291	-16.4%
represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a quarter's	Q3 2021	334	0.9%
sales to the amount of sales in the same quarter in the previous year),	Q2 2021	440	72.5%
rather than changes from one quarter to the next.	Q1 2021	309	15.3%



#### Quarterly Market Detail - Q1 2024 Townhouses and Condos Martin County



Cash Sales	Quarter	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	157	7.5%
The number of Closed Sales during the quarter in	Q1 2024	157	7.5%
which buyers exclusively paid in cash	Q4 2023	124	-13.9%
which buyers exclusively paid in cash	Q3 2023	151	2.0%
	Q2 2023	203	-1.9%
	Q1 2023	146	-25.5%
Economists' note : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to	Q4 2022	144	-17.2%
which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are	Q3 2022	148	-22.9%
far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front,	Q2 2022	207	-22.2%
whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other	Q1 2022	196	5.4%
form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so	Q4 2021	174	5.5%
this statistic should be interpreted with care.	Q3 2021	192	26.3%
-	Q2 2021	266	81.0%
	Q1 2021	186	11.4%

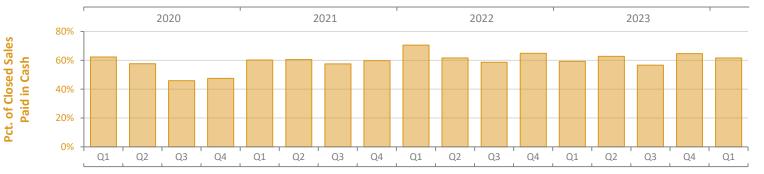


## Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales The percentage of Closed Sales during the quarter

The percentage of Closed Sales during the quarter which were Cash Sales

*Economists' note* : This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each quarter involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Quarter	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	61.6%	3.9%
Q1 2024	61.6%	3.9%
Q4 2023	64.6%	-0.5%
Q3 2023	56.6%	-3.6%
Q2 2023	62.8%	1.9%
Q1 2023	59.3%	-15.9%
Q4 2022	64.9%	8.5%
Q3 2022	58.7%	2.1%
Q2 2022	61.6%	1.8%
Q1 2022	70.5%	17.1%
Q4 2021	59.8%	26.2%
Q3 2021	57.5%	25.3%
Q2 2021	60.5%	5.0%
Q1 2021	60.2%	-3.4%



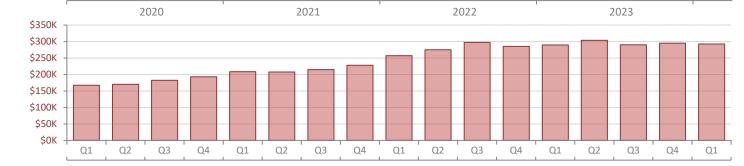


## Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

*Economists' note* : Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each quarter, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Quarter	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$292,500	1.0%
Q1 2024	\$292,500	1.0%
Q4 2023	\$295,000	3.5%
Q3 2023	\$290,000	-2.5%
Q2 2023	\$303,750	10.5%
Q1 2023	\$289,500	12.6%
Q4 2022	\$285,000	25.0%
Q3 2022	\$297,500	38.4%
Q2 2022	\$275,000	32.5%
Q1 2022	\$257,000	23.1%
Q4 2021	\$228,000	18.1%
Q3 2021	\$215,000	18.0%
Q2 2021	\$207,500	22.1%
Q1 2021	\$208,750	24.6%

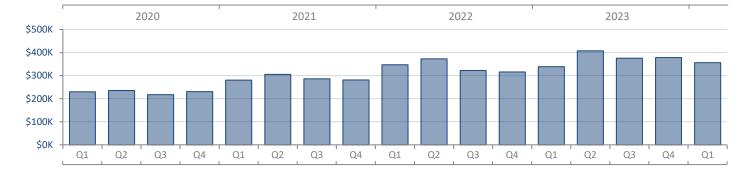


#### Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

*Economists' note* : Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

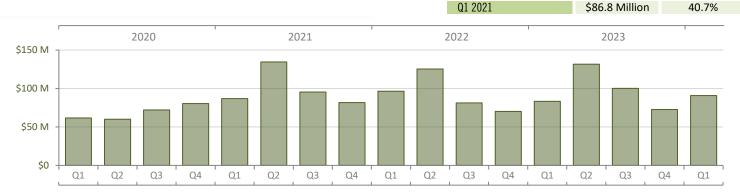
Quarter	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$356,166	5.1%
Q1 2024	\$356,166	5.1%
Q4 2023	\$378,308	19.7%
Q3 2023	\$375,391	16.4%
Q2 2023	\$407,294	9.2%
Q1 2023	\$338,805	-2.4%
Q4 2022	\$315,992	12.5%
Q3 2022	\$322,426	12.8%
Q2 2022	\$373,074	22.1%
Q1 2022	\$347,246	23.7%
Q4 2021	\$280,935	21.6%
Q3 2021	\$285,890	31.3%
Q2 2021	\$305,649	29.7%
Q1 2021	\$280,826	22.0%





Dollar Volume	Quarter	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	\$90.8 Million	9.0%
The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed	Q1 2024	\$90.8 Million	9.0%
	Q4 2023	\$72.6 Million	3.5%
during the quarter	Q3 2023	\$100.2 Million	23.4%
	Q2 2023	\$131.6 Million	4.9%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices	Q1 2023	\$83.3 Million	-13.7%
in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying	Q4 2022	\$70.2 Million	-14.2%
Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health	Q3 2022	\$81.3 Million	-14.9%
of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to	Q2 2022	\$125.4 Million	-6.8%
real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies.	Q1 2022	\$96.5 Million	11.2%
Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely	Q4 2021	\$81.8 Million	1.7%
be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components	Q3 2021	\$95.5 Million	32.5%
of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.	Q2 2021	\$134.5 Million	123.9%



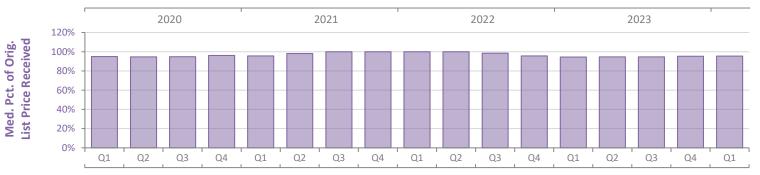


# Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the quarter

*Economists' note* : The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Quarter	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	95.4%	1.1%
Q1 2024	95.4%	1.1%
Q4 2023	95.3%	-0.3%
Q3 2023	94.6%	-4.0%
Q2 2023	94.6%	-5.4%
Q1 2023	94.4%	-5.6%
Q4 2022	95.6%	-4.4%
Q3 2022	98.5%	-1.5%
Q2 2022	100.0%	1.9%
Q1 2022	100.0%	4.6%
Q4 2021	100.0%	4.1%
Q3 2021	100.0%	5.5%
Q2 2021	98.1%	3.6%
Q1 2021	95.6%	0.6%



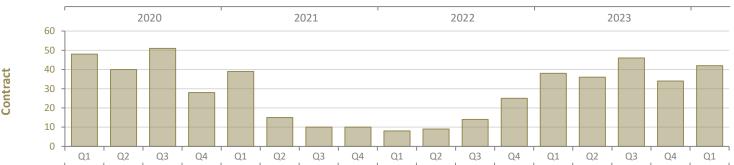


# Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

*Economists' note* : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the quarter. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.





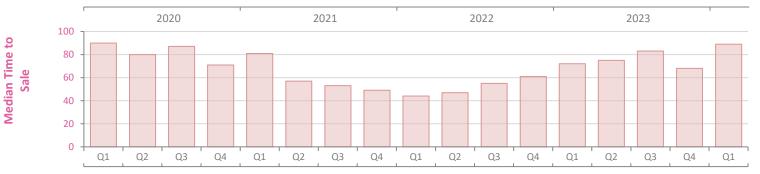
#### Median Time to Sale

**Median Time to** 

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

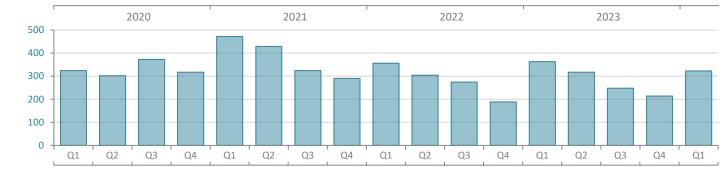
*Economists' note* : Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Quarter	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	89 Days	23.6%
Q1 2024	89 Days	23.6%
Q4 2023	68 Days	11.5%
Q3 2023	83 Days	50.9%
Q2 2023	75 Days	59.6%
Q1 2023	72 Days	63.6%
Q4 2022	61 Days	24.5%
Q3 2022	55 Days	3.8%
Q2 2022	47 Days	-17.5%
Q1 2022	44 Days	-45.7%
Q4 2021	49 Days	-31.0%
Q3 2021	53 Days	-39.1%
Q2 2021	57 Days	-28.8%
Q1 2021	81 Days	-10.0%





New Pending Sales	Quarter	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	323	-11.0%
The number of listed properties that went under	Q1 2024	323	-11.0%
contract during the quarter	Q4 2023	214	13.8%
contract during the quarter	Q3 2023	248	-9.5%
	Q2 2023	317	4.3%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Because of the typical length of time it takes for a	Q1 2023	363	2.0%
sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent	Q4 2022	188	-35.2%
indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in	Q3 2022	274	-15.4%
mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully.	Q2 2022	304	-29.1%
So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed	Q1 2022	356	-24.6%
Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the	Q4 2021	290	-8.5%
availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of	Q3 2021	324	-13.1%
distressed properties for sale.	Q2 2021	429	42.1%



Q1 2021

# New Listings

**Pending Sales** 

**New Listings** 

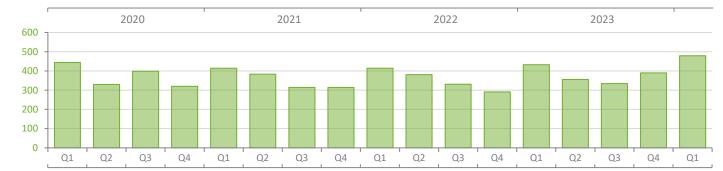
The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

*Economists' note* : New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Quarter	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	479	10.9%
Q1 2024	479	10.9%
Q4 2023	390	34.0%
Q3 2023	334	0.9%
Q2 2023	356	-6.6%
Q1 2023	432	4.3%
Q4 2022	291	-7.3%
Q3 2022	331	5.4%
Q2 2022	381	-0.5%
Q1 2022	414	0.0%
Q4 2021	314	-1.9%
Q3 2021	314	-21.1%
Q2 2021	383	16.1%
Q1 2021	414	-6.8%

472

45.7%



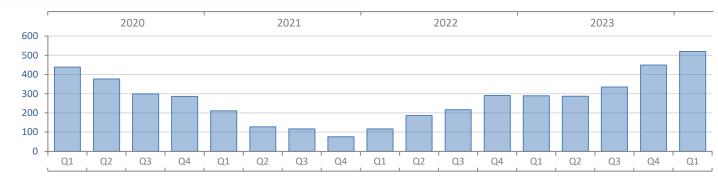
#### Quarterly Market Detail - Q1 2024 Townhouses and Condos Martin County



Inventory (Active Listings)	Quarter	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	YTD (Monthly Avg)	525	75.7%
The number of property listings active at the end of	Q1 2024	520	79.9%
	Q4 2023	449	54.3%
the quarter	Q3 2023	335	54.4%
	Q2 2023	287	53.5%
<i>Economists' note</i> : There are a number of ways to define and calculate	Q1 2023	289	147.0%
Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings	Q4 2022	291	282.9%
on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with	Q3 2022	217	85.5%
the same quarter the following year. Inventory rises when New	Q2 2022	187	46.1%
Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market	Q1 2022	117	-44.5%
(regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New	Q4 2021	76	-73.4%
Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-	Q3 2021	117	-60.9%

Q2 2021

Q1 2021



# Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

*Economists' note* : MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

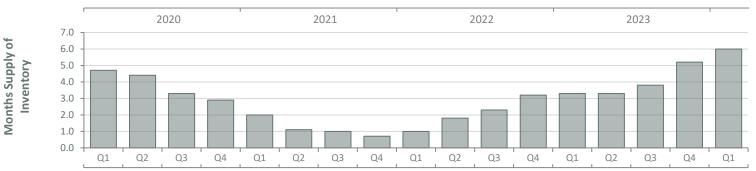
Quarter	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	6.1	79.4%
Q1 2024	6.0	81.8%
Q4 2023	5.2	62.5%
Q3 2023	3.8	65.2%
Q2 2023	3.3	83.3%
Q1 2023	3.3	230.0%
Q4 2022	3.2	357.1%
Q3 2022	2.3	130.0%
Q2 2022	1.8	63.6%
Q1 2022	1.0	-50.0%
Q4 2021	0.7	-75.9%
Q3 2021	1.0	-69.7%
Q2 2021	1.1	-75.0%
Q1 2021	2.0	-57.4%

128

211

-66.0%

-51.8%



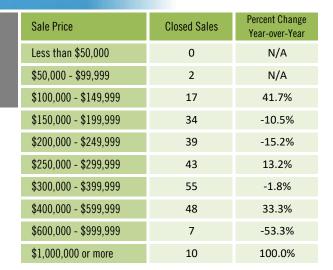
market.

# FloridaRealtors®

# **Closed Sales by Sale Price**

The number of sales transactions which closed during the quarter

*Economists' note:* Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a quarter's sales to the amount of sales in the same quarter in the previous year), rather than changes from one quarter to the next.

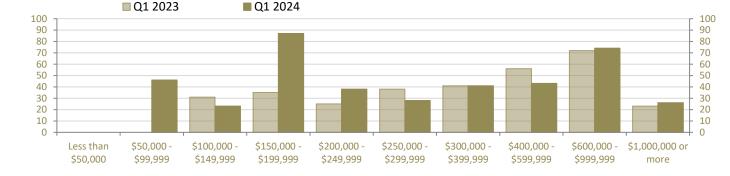




#### Median Time to Contract by Sale Price The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

*Economists' note* : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the quarter. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	(No Sales)	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	46 Days	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	23 Days	-25.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	87 Days	148.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	38 Days	52.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	28 Days	-26.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	41 Days	0.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	43 Days	-23.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	74 Days	2.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	26 Days	13.0%



Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 18, 2024. Next data release is Tuesday, July 23, 2024.

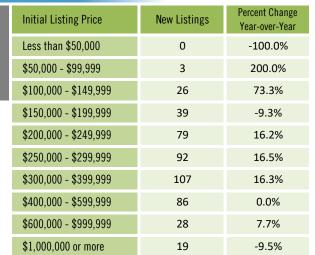
Median Time to Contract



# New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

*Economists' note:* New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

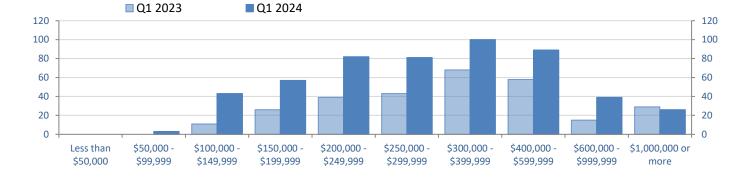




#### Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the quarter

*Economists' note* : There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with the same quarter the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going offmarket.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	3	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	43	290.9%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	57	119.2%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	82	110.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	81	88.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	100	47.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	89	53.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	39	160.0%
\$1.000.000 or more	26	-10.3%

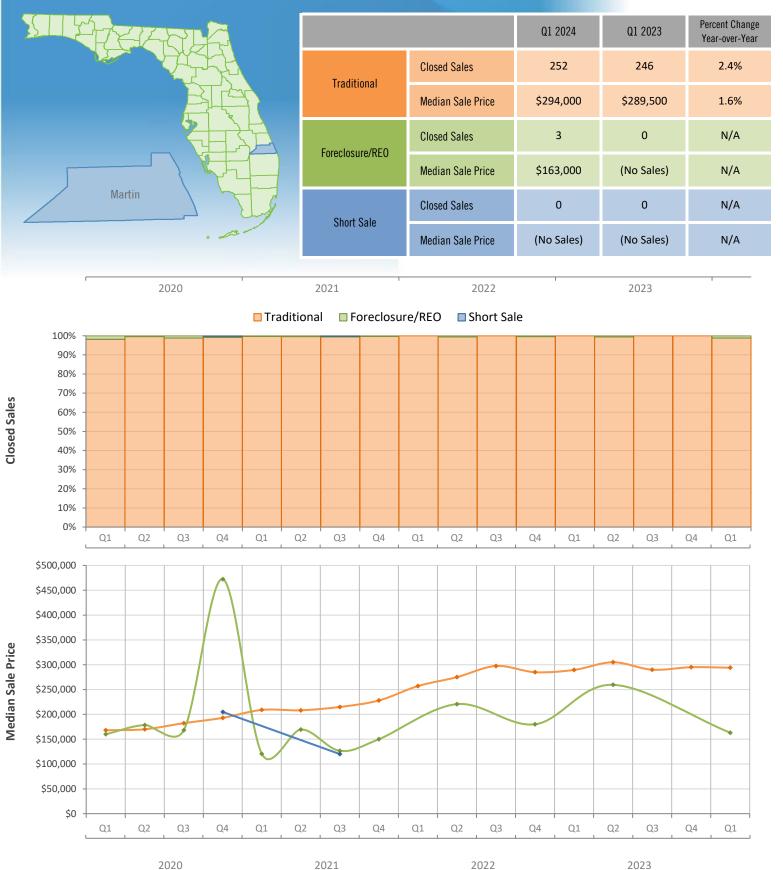


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**New Listings** 

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